

Montana

| | VAPOR INTRUSION SCREENING LEVELS ($\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$) ^{1, 2, 3} | | | |
|----------------------------|--|--------------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------------|
| | Sub-Slab Residential | Sub-Slab Industrial/Commercial | Indoor Air Residential | Indoor Air Industrial/Commercial |
| Benzene | 12 | 52 | 0.36 | 1.6 |
| Tetrachloroethylene | 360 | 1,600 | 11 | 47 |
| Trichloroethylene | 16 | 100 | 0.48 | 3.0 |
| Vinyl Chloride | 5.6 | 93 | 0.17 | 2.8 |

Notes:

1. United States Environmental Protection Agency's (US EPA) Vapor Intrusion Screening Levels (VISLs) are noted in the table and can be found [here](#). The term "Vapor Intrusion Screening Levels" or "VISLs" is used as a generic term for regulatory standards.
2. The Montana Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ) does not have stand-alone vapor intrusion guidance and defaults to US EPA guidance.
3. Site-specific evaluation or mitigation is required if the VISLs are exceeded. Refer to the [Montana Vapor Intrusion Guide](#) for more information.
4. The Montana DEQ has their [Air-Phase Petroleum Hydrocarbon Vapor Intrusion Screening Level Calculator](#) available for determining screening levels at sites with only petroleum contamination.

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